

ORUM & ROTH  
53 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604-3606  
312.922.6262 PHONE  
312.922.7747 FAX

Attorney Docket Number: 12373

PCT

09/980023

1007 Recd PCT/PTO 28 NOV 2001

NOV 28 2001  
SCT  
PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)**

**International Application Number:** PCT/SE00/01138

**International Filing Date:** 31 May 2000

**Priority Date Claimed:** 1 June 1999

**Title of Invention:** USE OF PHARMACOLOGICAL AGENT IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF OBSESSIVE-COMPULSIVE DISORDER

**Applicant(s) for DO/EO/US:** ERIKSSON, Tomas

**Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designed/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items under 35 U.S.C. 371:**

1.  This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2.  This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3.  This express request to immediately begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(I).
4.  A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19<sup>th</sup> month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5.  A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)):
  - a.  is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b.  has been transmitted by the International Bureau
  - c.  is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6.  A translation of the International Application into English
7.  Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19:
  - a.  are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b.  have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c.  have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has **NOT** expired.
  - d.  have not been made and will not be made.
8.  A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
9.  An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)):
  - a.  is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b.  has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c.  will follow.
10.  A translation of the Annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).
11.  Copy of the:
  - a.  International Preliminary Examination Report.
  - b.  International Search Report.
12.  An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
13.  An Assignment document for recording with a separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31:
  - a.  is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau)
  - b.  has been transmitted by the International Bureau
  - c.  will follow.
14.  A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
15.  A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
16.  A substitute specification.
17.  A change of power of attorney and/or address letter
18.  Applicant claims Small Entity status

Other items of information:

Sheets of drawings are enclosed.

09/980023

JC13 Rec'd PCT/PTO 28 NOV 2001

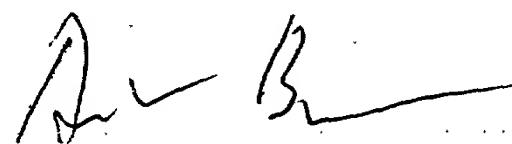
i.  The U.S. National Fee (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(1)) and other fees as follows:

<b>NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):</b>				<b>TOTAL</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> International Preliminary Examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> No International Preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but International search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2))				\$0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neither International Preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor International Search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO				\$970
<input type="checkbox"/> International Preliminary Examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4)				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> Surcharge for furnishing the oath of declaration later than 20 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e))				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> Surcharge for furnishing the oath of declaration later than 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e))				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> Processing fee for furnishing the English translation later than the 20 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f))				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> Processing fee for furnishing the English translation later than the 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f))				\$0
<input type="checkbox"/> Assignment Recordal Sheet				\$0
Number of Claims Filed      Number of Claims Allowed      Number of Extra Claims      Rate per Extra Claim				
<b>Total Number of Claims Filed</b>	4	20	0	\$18
<b>Number of Independent Claims Filed</b>	2	3	0	\$80
Number of Multiple Dependent Claims Filed      Yes      No      Rate per Application				
<b>Number of Multiple Dependent Claims Filed</b>	0			\$270
<b>Total Fees Enclosed for Large Entity</b>				\$970
<b>Total Fees Enclosed for Small Entity (1/2 of Large Entity)</b>				\$520

a.  A check in the amount of \$ 520 to cover the fee is enclosed.  
b.  Please charge my deposit account \$ 0 to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.  
c.  The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, including request for extension and payment of extension fees due, when this is not explicitly requested by applicants, with a view toward avoidance of abandonment, to Deposit account No. 04-2219, referencing our docket # 12373. Any overpayment should be credited to this account.

Please direct all communication in connection with this application to the undersigned at:

ORUM & ROTH  
53 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604-3606



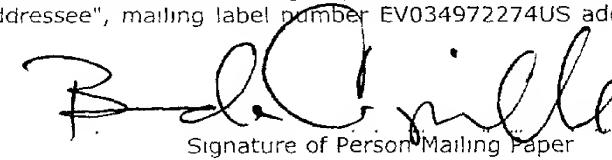
Andrew D. Babcock  
Attorney for Applicant  
Registration Number 44517

Keith H. Orum  
Attorney for Applicant  
Registration Number 33985

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.10

I hereby certify that this transmittal letter and the documents referred to as enclosed therein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on November 28, 2001, in an envelope as "Express Mail Post Office Addressee", mailing label number EV034972274US addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D C 20231

Brenda Campillo  
Name of Person Mailing Paper

  
Signature of Person Mailing Paper

1/P72866

1

## TITLE

5 Use of a pharmacological agent in the diagnosis of obsessive-compulsive disorder.

## TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to the use of a pharmacological agent in the diagnosis of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD).

10

## THE BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**Obsessive-compulsive disorder**

15 OCD is a chronic psychiatric disease where the main symptoms are constituted by the patient having compulsive thoughts that he/she can not fend off and which often in a painful and destructive way prevents the person from thinking of other things or that the patient in a compulsive manner performs ritual acts that block the possibility for the person to devote herself or himself to other activities. The disorder is usually 20 chronic and often so serious that the patient is completely or partially incapacitated.

The disorder is described and defined in detail in The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fourth 25 edition (DSM-IV) published by the American Psychiatric Association in 1994.

**State of the art in the diagnosis of OCD**

30 In the clinic the disorder is diagnosed on the basis of information given by the patient on the present symptoms. At the present state of the art of science no objective method for the diagnosis of the disorder or for the estimation of its severity is available.

**Physiological regulation of androgenic hormones under normal conditions (i.e. without influence of drugs)**

A hormone - gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) is produced in a certain part of the brain. GnRH - in its turn - stimulates the production of so called gonadotropins in the pituitary (at the bottom of the brain). In man the gonadotropins are the luteinizing (LH) hormone and the follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH). These hormones are released to the blood and transported to the testes and the adrenal glands (of the male) and to the ovaries and the adrenal glands (of the female). In these glands the gonadotropins stimulate the synthesis of several different hormones among them the so called androgens (the male sex hormones) of which testosterone is the most common.

The androgenic hormones are released to the blood from the glands in which they are produced. They are transported with the blood to different organs where they exert their various actions. One of these organs is the brain. The androgenic

hormones exert their effects in the brain by binding to and stimulating so called receptors in certain parts of the brain. The determining factor for how strong androgenic activity that will be exerted, is on one hand the amount of androgenic hormone in the blood, on the other the density and sensitivity of the

receptors to which the androgenic hormones bind. The androgenic activity may thus be high, both at a high concentration of androgenic hormone in the blood, as well as in case of a high density and/or sensitivity of the androgenic receptors.

The synthesis of androgenic hormones is normally subjected to a so called "feed-back" regulation. If the androgenic activity in the brain is high, a compensating decrease in the release of gonadotropins takes place with an accompanying reduction of the

production of androgenic hormones. At a high androgenic activity in the brain owing to a high density and/or sensitivity of the receptors (and not due to the content of androgenic hormones in the blood being high), the compensating feed-back-regulation may 5 lead to a decreased production of androgenic hormones causing abnormally low level, without this in itself being a sign that the androgenic activity being low; it may still be high (if the compensation has not been sufficient) or normal (if compensation has been sufficient).

10

#### **So-called GnRH-analogues**

These are substances that in their effects resemble the endogenously produced GnRH (gonadotropin releasing hormone), that is they stimulate the release of the gonadotropins from the 15 pituitary to the blood. The GnRH-analogues are used as pharmacological agents for two purposes. First, they are used to reduce the androgenic activity for example in cases of cancer of the prostate. This is achieved by a down-regulation in the sensitivity in those receptors on which endogenous GnRH and 20 analogues of GnRH act. Such a down-regulation is established after treatment during a certain period of time with a subsequent inhibition of the synthesis of androgens.

Secondly, they are used in the diagnosis of certain somatic 25 disorder by means of the so-called GnRH-test (see below).

#### **The GnRH-test**

A deviant sensitivity and/or density in the GnRH receptors in CNS is present in certain endocrine disorders. Such deviations could 30 be investigated with the so-called GnRH-test in which a small amount of an analogue of GnRH is injected intravenously. Blood samples are collected with short time intervals after the injection in which the concentrations of LH and/or FSH are

determined. Under normal conditions, an increased release of LH and FSH is seen in healthy subjects after an injection of an analogue of GnRH. In various endocrine diseases, deviations in the release of LH and/or FSH after the injection with a analogue of GnRH is seen. By this procedures, a deviant sensitivity in the GnRH-receptors could be demonstrated. The use of this diagnostic method is, for example, described in Hormone Res. 6:177-191 (1975), P. Franchimont et al.

10 THE TECHNICAL PROBLEM

The objective of the present invention is to provide a pharmaceutical composition which enables the diagnosis and the assessment of the severity of the psychiatric disorder OCD by the use of a diagnostic test with this composition.

15 THE SOLUTION

For this object, the invention is characterised in that the composition comprises at least one substance within the group GnRH-analogue for the production of a pharmacological agent for 20 the diagnosis of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD).

DESCRIPTION OF A DRAWING

The invention will be described with reference to a drawing which is enclosed and which demonstrates the results from 25 investigations of patients and healthy control subjects.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PERFORMED EXAMPLES OF THE INVENTION

The diagnostic method, described below, has its intellectual basis in a combination of observations made in contacts with 30 patients on a specialised psychiatric clinic in Göteborg, and established scientific facts. In addition to that, the method is based on a scientific experiment.

To sum up, it has reference to the following observations and facts.

1. It was recently discovered that the disorder OCD could effectively be treated with a long-acting analogue of the gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH). That observation demonstrates that the androgenic activity in the central nervous system (CNS), for some reason, is increased in OCD.

5 Since the concentration of androgenic hormones in blood not has been shown to be increased in OCD, the sensitivity and/or the density of those receptors in CNS, which are stimulated by the androgenic hormones, must be increased. Such an increased hormonal activity causes, according to well-known physiological principles, by a feed-back regulation, a decrease in the release of the stimulating hormone. In the present case, a feed-back regulation might be mediated via GnRH by a decreased release of this hormone. Such a decreased release should, according to well-known physiological principles, cause an increase in the sensitivity in the GnRH-receptors in CNS.

10 2. In a scientific experiment six patients, all suffering from a severe form of OCD, have been examined by the so-called GnRH-test. For comparison, five healthy controls were examined. This experiment showed that the release of LH, after the injection 15 of an analogue of GnRH was more pronounced in the patients suffering from OCD than in the control subjects. This finding strengthens the hypotheses that there is an increased sensitivity in the GnRH-receptors in patients with OCD and it shows that the GnRH-test, used within somatic medical care, could be used in the diagnosis of this psychiatric disorder.

20 The drawing shows, as a graph, the result of the GnRH-test in patients suffering from the disorder OCD and in a comparison

group of healthy control subjects. In the graph, the abscissa gives the time in minutes and the ordinate the concentration of luteinizing hormone (LH) in blood. The graph show the arithmetic mean of the concentration of luteinizing hormone in patients suffering from the disorder OCD (broken line) (n=6) and in healthy control subjects (solid line) (n=5). The collection of blood samples started with a first blood sample which 15 min later followed by a second sample. At the time point 0 (according to the graph) still one blood sample was collected and 0.1 mg Relefact® LH-RH, which is commercially available from Hoechst Marion Roussel, was injected intravenously. After that, blood samples were collected 6 times with intervals of 15, 30, 45, 60, 90, and 120 min. The blood samples were analysed with a radioimmunologic technic.

15

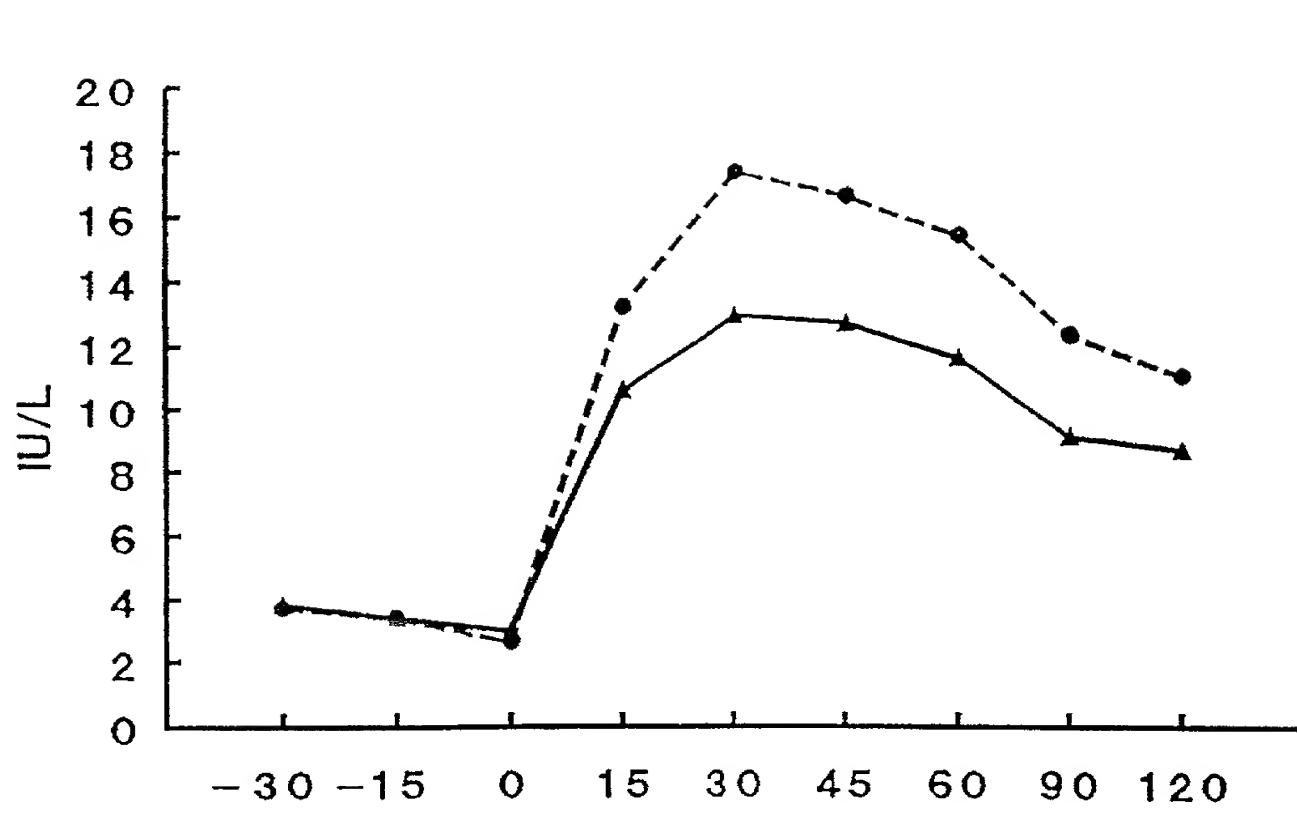
In a statistical assessment by means of a analysis of variance for repeated measures the results obtained from the group of patients have shown to be statistically different from the control group ( $F=5.6$ ;  $p<0.05$ ). Thus, the difference between the two groups is significant. Furthermore, individual differences within the patient group indicate that patient who show a high sensitivity (high concentration of LH in the blood) in this diagnostic test also show a higher intensity of the disorder. Thus, the pharmacological agent described above, could be use to improve the diagnosis of OCD and thus make it easier for people suffering from OCD to receive an adequate treatment.

L45P3PC, 2001-05-14

**CLAIMS**

1. Use of a composition comprising at least one substance within the group GnRH analogues for producing a pharmacological agent for the diagnosis of OCD (obsessive-compulsive disorder).  
5
2. Use according to claim 1, wherein the pharmacological agent is a part of a preparation which is intended for administration by means of intravenous injection.  
10
3. Use according to claim 1, wherein the pharmacological agent is a part of a preparation which is intended for administration by means of a nasal spray.  
15
4. Use of a composition comprising at least one substance within the group GnRH analogues for producing a pharmacological agent for the assessment of the degree of severity of a certain case of OCD; obsessive-compulsive disorder.  
20

1/1



115 PCT US

**DECLARATION OF INVENTORSHIP AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR UNITED STATES PATENT OR DESIGN APPLICATION**

12373

Attorney Docket No. ....

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**Use of a pharmacological agent in the diagnosis of obsessive-compulsive disorder**  
the specification of which

(check one)  is attached hereto.

was previously filed. U.S. serial number not yet available to applicant. A copy of the specification as filed is attached for identification purposes.

was filed on ..... Attorney Docket No. ....

was filed on .. under Application Serial No. ....

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information which is material to Patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 USC § 119 or 35 USC § 172 of any foreign application(s) listed below.

Prior Foreign Application(s):

<u>APPLICATION NUMBER</u>	<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>FILING DATE</u> (Day/Month/Year)
9902026-5	Sweden	1 June 1999

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 USC § 120 of any United States application (s) listed below, and any prior filed International application under 35 USC § 365 listed below, and insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior application, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the filing date of this application

<u>APPLICATION NUMBER</u>	<u>FILING DATE</u> (Day/Month/Year)	<u>STATUS</u> (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
PCT/SE00/01138	31 May 2000	Pending

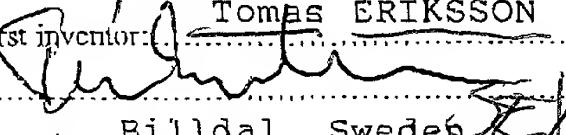
I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: GEORGE F. DVORAK (17656), KEITH H. ORUM (33985), THOMAS J. SCHAB (35908), SUSAN M. KEATING (41887).

Address all telephone calls and correspondence to:

DVORAK & ORUM

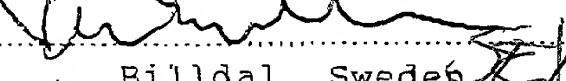
53 West Jackson Boulevard  
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3606  
Telephone No. 312 922 6262  
Fax No. 312 922 7747

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 USC 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

 Tomas ERIKSSON

Full name of sole or first inventor: Tomas ERIKSSON

Date: November 21, 2001

Inventor's signature: 

Residence (City & Country): Billdal, Sweden Citizenship: Sweden

Post Office Address: P.O. Box 71, SE-427 22 BILLDAL, Sweden

Full name of second joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....

Full name of third joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....

Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....

Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....

Full name of sixth joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....

Full name of seventh joint inventor, if any: .....

Inventor's signature: ..... Date: .....

Residence (City & Country): ..... Citizenship: .....

Post Office Address: .....